

Directions: You have 1 hour to complete this test. Remember that fill-in-the-blanks are worth 1 point; Multiple-Choice are worth 2 points; and Short-Answer are worth 4 Points.

For Multiple-Choice Clearly Circle the letter of your answer!

1. Cinque was the name of the leader of the Africans in the movie *Amistad* who leads the slave rebellion and testifies in court.

2. Which of the following people was NOT helping the Prosecution in the movie to find Cinque & the Africans guilty?

- a. President Martin Van Buren
- b. Queen of Spain Isabella II
- c. Abolitionist William Lloyd Garrison
- d. Secretary of State John Forsyth

3. 4 Point Short-Answer Question: What are 2 Different Main Ideas John Quincy Adams argues to the Supreme Court to convince them to free the Africans?

One main idea John Quincy Adams argues to the Supreme Court to convince them to free the Africans is that US lives / should live by the constitution and the Declaration of Independence. In the Declaration of Independence, it states that all men are created equal and life, liberty, and pursuit of happiness. However, in the case of Cinque and other Africans, they are not treated equally, instead, are treated like animals, worse than animals. To prove his point, John Quincy Adams rips the Declaration of Independence, essentially saying that they, people, are not standing by it as their actions are the opposite. Another main idea John Quincy Adams argues is that they are all considered a team, a "we". Looking back at previous presidents (he points to them), they should do the right thing and move towards the common good, what is better which would be freeing the Africans.

4. Manifest Destiny was the term used to describe the USA's belief in the 1800s that they were destined by God to control the entire American continent to the Pacific Ocean.

5. Which of the following is NOT true about The Republic of Texas?

a. Its first President was Stephen Austin.

b. They had to defeat Mexico's army led by Mexican President Santa Anna to gain independence.

c. It welcomed to be ^{joined} annexed by the USA to become a USA state in 1845

d. Its nickname was the 'Lone Star Republic' and its flag had a lone gold star.

6. 4 Point Short-Answer Question: What are 2 Different Reasons/Ways that Mexican textbooks and USA textbooks treat the 1848 US-Mexican War differently?

One way that Mexican textbooks and USA textbooks treat the 1848 US-Mexican war differently is that in USA textbooks, it is called the "1848 US-Mexican war". However, in the Mexican textbook, it is called "¹⁸⁴⁸La Invasión" or something similar to that. It can be seen that in the USA textbooks, "1848 US-Mexican war" sounds like a battle/war fought between both sides, US and Mexico. However, in the Mexican textbooks, "1848 La Invasión" means that Mexico was invaded by America, which is a more accurate representation of what happened. One reason the textbooks are different (different names for it) is because the "1848 US-Mexican war" sounds better towards the USA. They don't want to be portrayed as the "bad guy" or the "villain" in the battle. So, when students read the textbook, they wouldn't receive the feeling the USA was at fault here. In the Mexican textbook, "1848 La Invasión" sounded like USA invaded and attacked Mexico, which is what happened because Mexico didn't want slaves in their state and USA wanted to take their land. Thus, this is a reason why Mexican textbooks compared to US textbooks treat the 1848 US-Mexican war differently.

* Also, there was the Treaty of Guadalupe-Hidalgo, which in Mexico's eyes, was bad as the US took away most (half) of their land like California. However, in US's eyes, there was the Gadsden purchase where they did pay Mexico for Gadsden, the land.
(false money)

7. Solomon Northup is the name of the real African-American that the book and movie 12 Years a Slave is based on.

8. 4 Point Short Answer Question: What are 2 Different Main Ideas in Henry David Thoreau's *Civil Disobedience*?

One main idea in Henry David Thoreau's *Civil Disobedience* is that the government should work for the people. He believed in democracy, so that meant that the governments should do what the people want, instead of the government dominating the people and making them do things like pay taxes, which was the reason Thoreau was in jail and wrote *Civil Disobedience*. That leads us to another main idea in Thoreau's *Civil Disobedience*, which is about protesting. Since the government should work for the people and instead, are causing heavy taxes on them (for example), the people should protest against the governments corrupt ways so that if all people protest and rebel, the government would have no choice but to do what they say. That is a democracy. This can be shown by an example when someone went to go visit Thoreau in jail and asked him, "why are you here, in jail?", then Thoreau replied with, "why aren't you?". Here, Thoreau's act of refusing to pay taxes is his way of rebellion, protesting, and proving his point (*Civil Disobedience*).

9. All of the following are true of the changes in slavery in the USA from 1800-1850 EXCEPT....

- a. The slave population will boom in the USA from around 700,00 in 1790 to 4,000,000 by 1860
- b. Around 1820-1850 the majority of slaves are eventually 'sold up the river' to meet the demand of cotton expanding into the Midwest and Texas
- c. 75% of all slaves were 'field slaves', and valuable 'field hand slaves' could easily sell for over \$1000
- d. Northern Industry (especially textile factories) also benefitted from the growth of slavery and cotton plantations in the USA

10. 4 Point Short-Answer Question: Explain what are 2 Different Reasons why USA Slavery from 1800-1860 was particularly cruel and brutal?

One reason why USA slavery from 1800-1860 was particularly cruel and brutal was because slaves would often get beaten, tortured, and whipped. If they had a small mistake or even if they did nothing wrong, they were treated horribly. For example, Southern slave owners would regularly whip their slaves for fun and entertainment. When they whipped them, it would be a long rope and they would whip them many and numerous times, where 7-8 inches of a slave's skin to flesh would be ripped off. Why? Because the slave owners were cruel and horrible and had no heart, they did it for fun. Another reason why USA slavery from 1800-1860 was particularly brutal and cruel was because during that time if you had slaves and cotton, you would be the richest and wealthiest. So, slave owners would ~~make~~ ^{make} ~~the~~ ^{the} slaves pick cotton so that they could get even wealthier. Slaves would work long hours, day to night, and when they were done at night, they had to work, such as do housework chores like clean the clothes. The slaves were overworked and tired, that was cruel and brutal to the slave owners because their selfish selves would kill human beings to get money and wealth.

11. Which of the following is NOT true of Nat Turner's Slave Revolt

- a. He chose 8/21/1831 as the start because it was the 40th Anniversary of Haiti's Slave Revolt
- ~~b. It started by murdering his slavemaster, his master's wife & several children in the middle of the night~~
- ~~c. It inspired other slave revolts in the area, such as Denmark Vesey's slave rebellion~~
- d. After Nat Turner was hanged, his body parts were dismembered & given to victims' families

15. Lincoln won the election of 1860 because

- a. he was able to win a few electoral votes from the South
- ~~b.~~ the Democratic Party was split between a northern party and a southern party.
- c. he won a majority in the House of Representatives after failing to win a majority in the Electoral College
- d. a majority of Americans supported his views on the slavery issue.

16. Due to advancements in weaponry, the total number of deaths for the Civil War was

- a. Two times the total deaths from the American Revolutionary War
- b. More than the combined total of the next four wars the U.S.A. fought in
- c. Smaller than the total deaths from the American Revolutionary War.
- ~~d.~~ Equal to the number of deaths from both the American Revolutionary War and the War of 1812.

17. The Battle of Antietam on September 17, 1862 when both sides tried to capture capitals is still the single bloodiest day in US Military History with over 20,000 soldiers killed in a few hours.

18. In which area did the South have an advantage over the North in the Civil War?

- ~~a.~~ food production
- ~~b.~~ total population
- ~~c.~~ industrial capacity
- d. defensive strategy

19. Gettysburg is regarded as a turning point for the Civil War because

- a. Lee had the opportunity to move his troops toward Washington D.C. without resistance
- ~~b.~~ The battle cleared the way for General McClellan to move towards Antietam
- c. It markedly depleted the number of southern troops, limiting their effectiveness in war
- ~~d.~~ It led to the South's decisive victory at Appomattox

20. 4-Point Short-Answer Question: Explain 2 Different Reasons why many historians consider Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation such a brilliant maneuver.

His idea was 100% legal

↳ Lincoln no power to abolish slavery → since he's commander in chief of Union Army → ordered them to steal properties from Confederate Army.

↳ Slaves used to help with labor in camps (South)

↳ North soldiers stole millions of slaves from South

↳ All completely legal → wasn't technically "freeing slaves"

told sides different things to get them to work towards "freeing slaves" & stopping war

↳ told North → "we're freeing the slaves bc of this proclamation in war!" → North excited → wanted to join war & free slaves.

↳ told Border states "Don't join confederacy. Join us! You can keep your slaves!" → Border states deciding to not help confederacy → better chances for North to win

↳ smart as tried to both sides helping with either "freeing more slaves & ending war"

21. What are 2 Different Reasons the Battle of Vicksburg was an important turning point in the Civil War?

Mississippi → Anaconda

↳ In the Battle of Vicksburg the Mississippi river was cut off
↳ South gets resources along the M. River. → cut off means no food/resources to live

↳ Anaconda → wrapped up, can't do anything.

↳ Basically "you're dead"

~~weakened~~ Resistance of Lee and his army.

↳ As a result of the Anaconda technique

↳ South Army became really weak & lost

↳ Turning point bc demonstrated the resistance of the North + now they basically defeated Lee's army